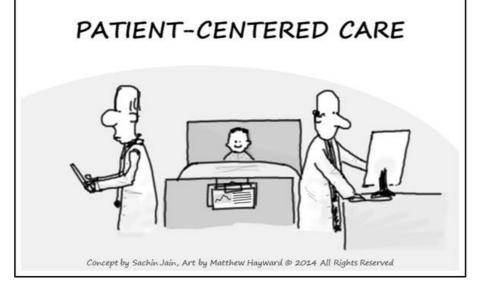
International Forum on Quality and Safety in Healthcare: Asia

Quality & Safety in Primary Care: Innovation & Best Practice from the Asia-Pacific region and beyond

Prof. Donald Li MBBS FRACGP FRCGP FHKCFP FHKAM (FAMILY MEDICINE) FFPH President elect WONCA



Being Family Physicians



- Patient-centredness improves quality of care
- Puts people first and foremost



People-centric perspective

Enhanced safety through better:

- Diagnosis
- Treatment
- Treatment adherence
- Referral
- Monitoring
- Follow-up





There is a challenge to reconcile seemingly polar opposites in care approaches

Aspects of Care That Distinguish Conventional Health Care from People-Centred Primary Care

Conventional ambulatory medical care in clinics or outpatient departments	Disease control programmes	People-centred primary care
Focus on illness and cure	Focus on priority diseases	Focus on health needs
Relationship limited to the moment of consultation	Relationship limited to programme implementation	Enduring personal relationship
Episodic curative care	Programme-defined disease control interventions	Comprehensive, continuous and person- centred care
Responsibility limited to effective and safe advice to the patient at the moment of consultation	the target population	Responsibility for the health of all in the community along the life cycle; responsibility for tackling determinants of ill- health
Users are consumers of the care they purchase	Population groups are targets of disease-control interventions	People are partners in managing their own health and that of their community

Source : 《 WHO World Health Report 2008 - Primary Health Care : Now More Than Ever 》 WHO, Geneva, Switzerland

Hong Kong Academy of Medicine

Quality and Safety of specialist health care in Hong Kong



General Registry Specialist Registry



Empowered by statute

Hong Kong College of Family Physicians

"To establish and maintain high standards of learning, skill and conduct in the family practice or practice in family medicine"



One of the fifteen constituent specialist colleges of the Hong Kong Academy of Medicine

Mission of WONCA (World Organization of Family Doctors)



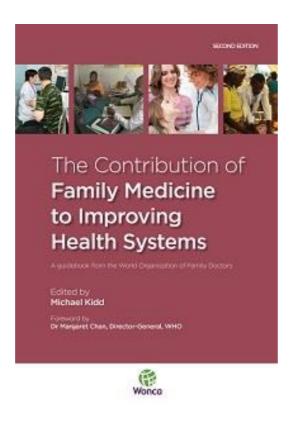
To improve the quality of life of the peoples of the world through:

- defining and promoting its values, including respect for universal human rights and including gender equity
- by fostering high standards of care in general practice/family medicine

I proudly act as an advocate to unite our voices and aims, and for our College to

fully embrace and manifest WONCA's mission both at home and abroad.

The Contribution of Family Medicine to Improving Health Systems





General Practice Training in China

How to achieve the goal of training 300 thousand GPs

1. Resident vocational training of GPs

2. Training of assistant GPs

3. Training of GPs in special-posts

4. Job-transformation training of GPs

5. Free training of medical personnel who will enter into contractual work

Achieving International standards



In 2014, the GP Vocational Resident Training Program of the Department of General Practice by Shanghai Medical College of Fudan University was accredited by WONCA. And the college became the first training organization accredited as per WONCA standard in the world.





This certificate confirms that the family medicine training program of

Department of General Practice, Shanghai Medical College, Fudan University

has been accredited by World Organization of Family Doctors (WONCA) as meeting the WONCA Standards for Postgraduate Family Medicine Education

for a period of five (5) years from the date below

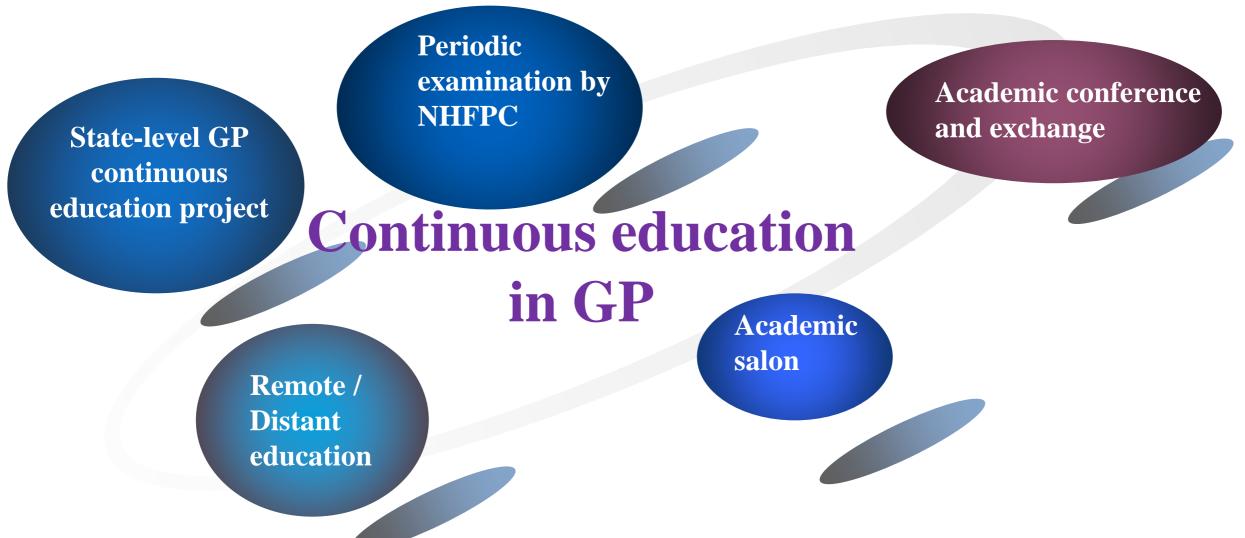
Professor Michael Kidd President

24th March 2014

Dr Garth Manning Chief Ixecutive Officer

GP Continuous medical education CME

Object: Those who have obtained GP qualification certificates. The national regulations require that each one should have 25 credits of CME each year in total.





Tiered diagnosis and treatment - triage



By 2020,the capacity of tiered diagnosis and treatment will be greatly enhanced, the process gradually strengthened and tiered diagnosis and treatment covering first consultation at primary care level, dualreferral, division of treatment of acute and chronic diseases, linkage between top and bottom will be built step by step.

By 2017, the policy mechanism for tiered diagnosis and treatment will be gradually allocate high-quality medical resources effectively downward to the primary care level, hence creating more effective medical treatment priorities.

In 2015, all cities that carry out state-run hospital reform and all provinces trying out comprehensive medical reform carried out pilot practice of tiered diagnosis and treatment. Using diseases like hypertension, diabetes, cancer, cardiovascular diseases etc. as a breakthrough, they carried out pilot runs of tiered diagnosis and treatment focusing on hypertension and diabetes management. There were further exploration of tiered diagnosis and treatment of chronic diseases such as tuberculosis and modes of comprehensive management and service of patients.



家庭医生签约服务

Promoting continuity



推进家庭医生签约服务,对促 进医疗卫生工作重心下移、资源下 沉,实现人人享有基本医疗卫生服 务的目标具有积极意义。

要重点在签约服务方式、内容、 收付费、考核、激励机制、技术支撑 等方面实现突破。

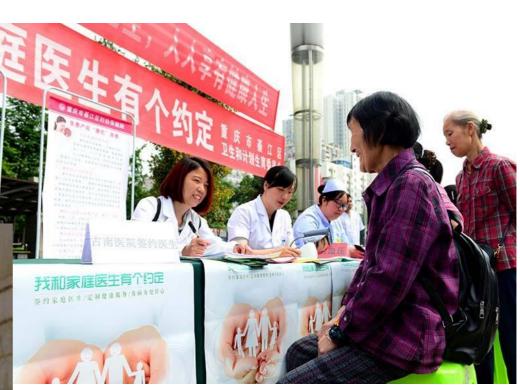




Signing contracts with General Practitioners







Increasing numbers of those signing contracts with GPs



Training Upgrade of Skills competition



主办:国家卫生和计划生育委员会 中华全国总工会



People-Centered Integrated Care 健康中国 - 以人为本的综合护理服务



DEEPENING HEALTH REFORM IN CHINA BUILDING HIGH-QUALITY AND VALUE-BASED SERVICE DELIVERY

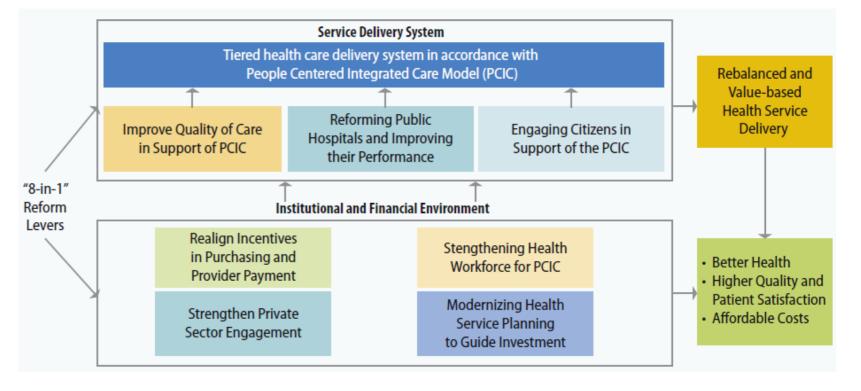
> World Bank Group World Health Organization

Ministry of Finance, National Health and Family Planning Commission, Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security, The People's Republic of China



World Health Organization

FIGURE ES.1 8-in-1 Interlinked Reform Levers



BOX 2.1 Defining People-Centered Integrated Care

People-centered care is "an approach to care that consciously adopts the perspectives of individuals, families and communities, and sees them as participants as well as beneficiaries of trusted health systems that respond to their needs and preferences in humane and holistic ways."

Integrated care consist of "health services that are managed and delivered in a way that ensures people receive a continuum of health promotion, disease prevention, diagnosis, treatment, disease management, rehabilitation and palliative care services, at the different levels and sites of care within the health system, and according to their needs throughout their life course."

WHO, 2015a; pgs. 10-11.

Quality and Safe Primary Care

At the level of the clinic visit, our personal knowledge of each patient and his or her medical and family history, are relevant to the consultation, intervention, and outcome.

Spending time with our patients as people is the core of our duty of care, and our duty to care.



Primary Health Care Performance Initiative – 26 September 2015



 The Primary Health Care Performance Initiative (PHCPI) is a new partnership that brings together country policymakers, health system managers, practitioners, advocates and other development partners to catalyze improvements in primary health care (PHC) in low- and middle-income countries through better measurement and knowledgesharing.

Thank You!!

Prof. Donald K. T. Li

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