# A4: Silver radicals present 10 lessons from 20 years in QI and large scale change





# Adapting to a changing world: equity, sustainability and wellbeing for all



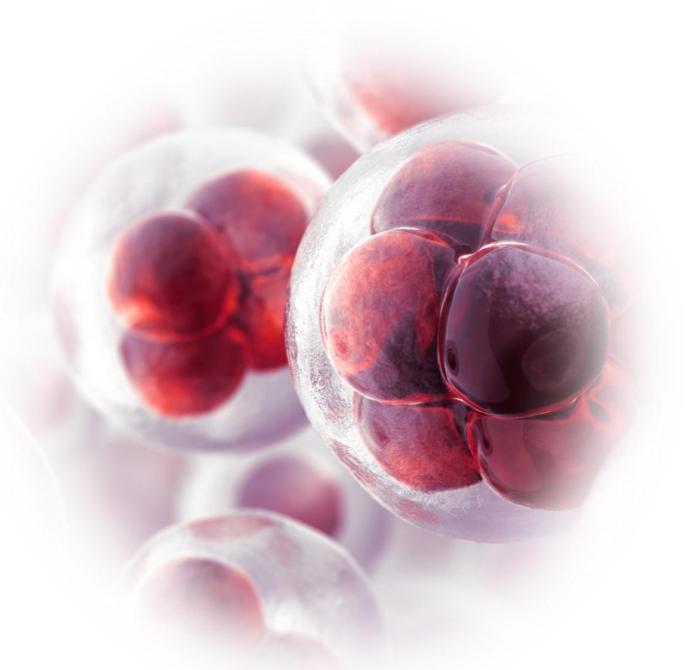






10 things we learned in 20 years of QI & large scale change

**The Silver Radicals** Sir John Glaham Dr Paul Miles Prof Boel Gare Andersson



No conflicts of interest to declare

Session A4

Sir John Oldham - The three 'P's:

Ρ

Purposeful Prepared

### Psychology of Change



(c) Sir John Oldham 2002

## What hinders

- Unclear vision
- 80% effort in creating a plan
- Top down & disconnected
- Myriad components/ "iniativitis"
- Add on to existing workload
- Carry on the old ways as well as the new
- Change tack and measurement
- Negative opinion leaders

## What helps

- Clarity of narrative
- 80% effort in implementation
- Meaningful front line involvement
- 3-4 key elements done rigorously
- Resource a dedicated team with senior leader
- Stop doing unhelpful old things and change protocols and incentives
- Persistence and resilience
- Court opinion leaders in design

### Paul Miles MD : Three important things I have learned to value

• Serendipity (a chance occurrence that results in a positive outcome)

• Humility (that allows one to subject one's results to the scrutiny of others and to accept the fact that one may be wrong)

• **Collaboration** (acknowledging that optimum care requires working with others including the people we care for)

### Attributes of Physician Scientists ....Fred Robbins

- •Curiosity
- •The power of observation
- •Objectivity



- •Humility (that allows one to subject one's results to the scrutiny of others and to accept the fact that one may be wrong)
- Compassion (acknowledged bias)

"The Scientist Physician: Myth or Reality" Merrimon Lecture 1981

Perhaps we can never create a world where there are no suffering children, but we can create a world where there are fewer suffering children

.....Albert Camus (paraphrased)

### Serendipity

- Humility
- Collaboration



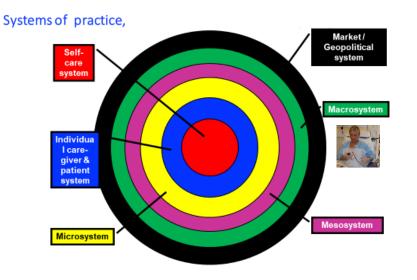
# Com/pass/ion Complexity Coproduction

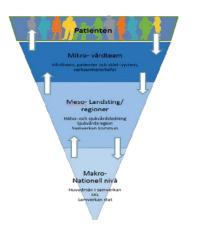




### The Clinical Microsystem

Where the Value is Co-Created





Region

önköpings län

- Purpose
- Patients
- Professionals
- Processes
- Patterns
- Passion



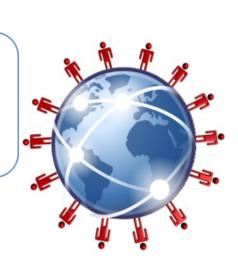
After the Dartmouth Institute/Microsystem Academy and the Region Jönköping County

#### **Framing the Future**

QI 3.0 Coproduction, Complex Adaptive Systems, Learning Health/Systems Networks

Learning Networks: where patients, families, clinicians and scientists work together and use data for clinical care, improvement and research.

> Cincinnati Children's



James M. Anderson Center for Health Systems Excellence: The Power of Learning Networks. https://www.cincinnatichildrens.org/service/j/anderson-center/learning-networks Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center.



A Complex Adaptive System?



### Silver Radicals Top Ten (no rank order)

John

- 1. Purposeful
- 2. Prepared
- 3. Psychology

Paul

- 1. Serendipity
- 2. Humility
- 3. Collaboration

Boel

- 1. Compassion
- 2. Complexity
- 3. Co-Production

ALL:

CURIOSITY!

### Principles of large system change (Oldham 2004)

- PLAN SPREAD FROM THE OUTSET
- The reason for change framing
- Engage stakeholders, identify and recruit opinion leaders early
- Shape the environment (including stopping old things)
- Align organisational policies for the change
- Communicate & communicate about the change
- Gain early success and communicate it
- Systematic transfer of knowledge
- Gain critical mass from the early work
- Discipline and rigour in measuring progress
- Agility and support in overcoming obstacles
- Infrastructure for spread; ~recruit and pollute~
- Use participants as teachers for spread; identify and cultivate "leaders"
- LEADERSHIP

### Final thoughts (P. Miles)

•Have a clear vision. Become a constant learner and improver and remain humble, remembering that you may not always be right

•Appreciate the role of serendipity/luck/chance in your career and be ready to take advantage of every opportunity to work with people who want to change

•If you are a doctor or part of care team: Make it a goal to share your outcomes with patients and colleagues. If you have the opportunity to participate in a Learning Health Network, grab it!

•The next time as a patient you see your doctor or care team, in a nice way, ask them how do they know what they do works? Ask to see their data on their outcomes of care and data on how they are improving what they do

•As a patient: Look in the mirror and ask yourself "How do I know what I do works in coproducing my own care? How do I become a better patient?

•And finally, if you as a patient or someone close to you develops a serious problem, I hope that you will be able to participate in a learning health network. They are the future of healthcare delivery.

# **8 points from my life in improvement** (Boel Andersson Gare)

- Equal rights to health in the population is fundamental
- We need to be "boatrockers", comform and rebel! (Debra Meyerson)
- Work upstream: Promotion, Prevention and Protection
- Improvement is a human and organizational accomplishment built with social processes while put to use, not only a "toolbox" - it is we
- Healtcare is complex and non linear embrace it openly needs for the individual and the population, the person and the system, stories and measurement, standardization and individualisation
- As a leader of improvement: Agee on simple rules and freedom to act. Respect and support passion and the competencies in your teams. Be curoius, humble and lead by asking questions! Keep testing to see if the changes you make result in improvement. Share your outcomes.
- Intelligent kindness and joy in work are key components for a sustainable humane healthsystem for everyone
- QI competensies should combine with the subject matters for all students becoming health and social care professionals, to build a